## **English History Matching**

Roman Age
1.
2.
Anglo-Saxon England
1.
United England
1.
2.
Norman Conquest
1.
2.
Crusades
1.
2.

Magna Carta
1.
2.
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Henry III and Parliament
1.
2.
The Edwards
1. Edward I:
2. Edward II:
3. Edward III:
Henry V
1.
The War of the Roses
1.
2.
3.

Protestant Reformation
1.
2.
Henry VIII and his children
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
Elizabeth I
1.
2.
3.

English Civil War

1.

2.

James II and the Glorious Revolution
1.
2.
The Georges
1. George I:
2. George II:
3. George III:
Queen Victoria
1.
2.
Edward VIII and George VI
1.
2.
3.

Queen Elizabeth II

1.

2.

- A. Wins a great victory against the French at the Battle of Agincourt Shakespeare writes a play about him and the battle
- B. They built Hadrian's Wall to keep out invaders
- C. Until the 900's England was still made up of 4-10 separate kingdoms
- D. It started in 1096 and lasted about 200 years
- E. King Edward dies, and there is a war to see who will be the new king
- F. Her reign lasted almost 64 years
- G. By 47 AD, they controlled most of (Britannia) England
- H. The Christians went to the holy land (Middle East) to capture it from the Muslims
- I. Capital of the new united country became London
- J. King John "The Soft Sword" was not a popular King, people believe he has too much power
- K. She is the longest serving monarch in British history
- L. It's like the U.S. House of Representatives
- M. He was king when the American Revolution took place
- N. He was defeated at the Battle of Bannockburn. He was overthrown by his wife and later murdered
- O. England was doing well, then the Black Death occurred
- P. He was king during World War II

- Q. 1455 to 1485
- R. Edward IV (Lancastrians) v. Duke of York
- S. Charles I is beheaded
- T. Started by Martin Luther in 1517
- U. Her son Prince Charles is next in line to be king, followed by his son Prince William
- V. Became king in 1509
- W. Wanted a male, blamed his wives for not having boys
- X. Named after invaders from Denmark and Germany named the Angles and the Saxons
- Y. He took over for his brother Edward VIII
- Z. In 1215 King John is forced to sign the "Great Charter" which says the king must obey English law
- AA. His son, Edward I, is considered one of the worst kings in English history
- BB. 1688-1689
- CC. Nicknamed "Long Shanks", he conquered Wales and Scotland
- DD. His daughter was nicknamed "Bloody Mary" for executing Protestants
- EE. She defeated the Spanish Armada and England became one of the most powerful countries in the world
- FF. Charles I v English parliament led by Oliver Cromwell

- GG. After the war Edward's IV young sons were imprisoned and murdered by their uncle
- HH. He was kicked out by his daughter Mary and her husband William
- II. The Act of Supremacy in 1534 made the king the leader of the church of England
- JJ. The 1st Hanoverian king, the power of the king of England went down while he was on the throne
- KK. William the Conquerer becomes the new king after winning the Battle of Hastings in 1066
- LL. Was the daughter of Henry VIII
- MM. He was the last monarch born outside Great Britain and the last monarch to lead an army into battle
- NN. She was nicknamed "The Grandmother of Europe" the British Empire expanded greatly during her reign
- OO. After a rebellion in 1264, Henry III establishes it
- PP. He became king in 1936, but he abdicated because he was in love with a divorced American named Wallis Simpson
- QQ. Divorce, Beheaded, Died, Divorced, Beheaded, Survived
- RR. She was queen for 44 years
- SS. He was king during WWII, he also had a bad stutter and was afraid to speak in public. A movie called "The King's Speech" was made about him.